

2020 - 2023 COMMUNITY-DRIVEN STRATEGIC PLAN

SCOTT D. KERWOOD, FIRE CHIEF







Hutto Fire Rescue/Williamson County Emergency Services District #3 "PHILOSOPHY STATEMENT"

Hutto Fire Rescue/Williamson County Emergency Services District #3 (Hutto Fire Rescue) recognizes the value of human life and dignity. Our philosophy, which embodies our organizational values and beliefs, provides a guide for members in the performance of daily activities.

UNIFYING GOAL

The unifying goal of Hutto Fire Rescue is to help people by working together.

Helping people by:

- Providing aid and assistance to all citizens of the Hutto community.
- Cooperating with other agencies and organizations.
- Providing encouragement and opportunity for personal growth and development.

Working together by:

- Commitment, mutual support, participation, and involvement.
- Hutto Fire Rescue and its members working together as a team within the organization.
- Hutto Fire Rescue and its members working together with the Hutto community.

This unifying goal is founded on our VALUES and BELIEFS. The success of Hutto Fire Rescue depends on the combined efforts of its members, along with the support of other organizations and the Hutto community.

GOVERNANCE

Hutto Fire Rescue is proud to operate as a *SMART* (simple, moral, accountable, responsive, transparent) government that accomplishes all our services by using minimal tax dollars, and is committed to provide a well trained and equipped group of firefighters to aid in the protection and well-being of the citizens of the City of Hutto and the Hutto community.

MISSION

Hutto Fire Rescue will evolve and adapt to the demands of providing efficient and effective services to the best of our ability, for an ever-changing and growing community; while maintaining a healthy and professional work environment - Every Shift, Every Day.

CORE VALUES

- FAMILY
- PRIDE
- TRADITION
- DUTY
- DISCIPLINE
- HONOR
- LOYALTY
- ACCOUNTABILITY

- INTEGRITY
- COMPASSION
- RES<mark>PECT</mark>
- LOVE
- COURAGE
- RESPONSIBILITY
- HONESTY
- ADAPTABILITY

BELIEFS

People are our most important asset:

- Individual self respect must be valued and protected.
- We must respect and support each other as individual human beings with differing values and needs.
- We must be loyal to Hutto Fire Rescue, the City of Hutto, and the Hutto community.
- We are responsible for the operations and success of Hutto Fire Rescue.
- We are accountable for our individual actions and performance.
- Individual performance and team performance must be recognized.
- We must encourage and support others in their growth and development.
- Each of us should strive to grow and develop to our potential.

Teamwork:

- Involvement, participation, and teamwork result in the best solutions, methods, and goal achievement.
- Decision making should be shared in Hutto Fire Rescue, recognizing that not everyone will share in every decision.
- Communication must be open throughout all levels of Hutto Fire Rescue.
- Innovation leads to improvement and development; therefore, it is encouraged and supported.
- All of us must work toward the improvements and betterment of Hutto Fire Rescue.

Standard of Excellence:

- Each of us should set and pursue high performance standards and perform to the best of our abilities.
- We, as Hutto Fire Rescue, must maintain high standards and strive to perform to the best of our abilities.
- We must provide our services efficiently and effectively.

Progressiveness:

- Constant change is not only inevitable, it is necessary. Productive change should be supported and directed toward achieving individual and Hutto Fire Rescue goals.
- We, as individuals and as Hutto Fire Rescue, must have the flexibility to change in order to progress and meet future challenges.

ONE TEAM - ONE MISSION

In the spirit of our tradition, we strive for excellence – respectfully serving all with pride, honor, and compassion.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

Bill Brown, President

Butch Miller, Vice President

Dan Hejl, Secretary

Anne Cano, Treasurer

Garry Guthrie, Vice Treasurer

The Role of the Board

The Board of Commissioners is the appointed policy-making body for the Williamson County Emergency Services District #3. The Commissioners provide financial oversight and strategic policy direction to maximize the public value of District services.

FIRE CHIEF

Scott D. Kerwood
PhD, CFO, EFO, CEMSO, FM, CFPS, FIFireE, CEM®, TEM®

The Role of the Chief

The Fire Chief is the Chief Executive Officer of the District. In collaboration with the Board of Commissioners, and in partnership with all members of the organization, the Chief provides direction, protection, and leadership to the District.



WILLIAMSON COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT #3

Hutto Fire Rescue

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"YOUR HOMETOWN FIRE DEPARTMENT"

Fire Chiefs' Message

I am pleased to submit to you the *Hutto Fire Rescue/Williamson County Emergency Services District #3 Community-Driven Strategic Plan 2020-2023*. Strategic planning is defined as a disciplined effort to produce functional decisions and actions that shape and guide what an organization is, what it does, and why it does it. Strategic planning is intended to enhance an organization's ability to increase effectiveness, increase efficiency, improve decision making, improve organizational capabilities, improve communications and public relations, improve political support, and improve the organizations ability to understand and learn.

This *Hutto Fire Rescue/Williamson County Emergency Services District #3 Community-Driven Strategic Plan 2020-2023*, is one of the keys to continuously moving this organization forward in the delivery of our services to the public. Our entire strategic planning system encompasses four areas critical to the success of any emergency services organization:

- 1) *Mission Statement* Where are we going?
- 2) Strategic Plan How do we get there?
- 3) Budget What is our blueprint of action?
- 4) Monitoring and Control How do we know if we are on track?

This strategic plan however is just words on paper. To be effective, strategic planning must be action oriented and must be linked to tactical and operational planning. To be efficient, implementation of this plan must come from individuals, our members, who continue to strive for improvement of our service delivery. The ability to find and build consensus among policy makers on service levels is also necessary for the success of this *Hutto Fire Rescue/Williamson County Emergency Services District #3 Community-Driven Strategic Plan 2020-2023*. Therefore it will require hard work from every member of Hutto Fire Rescue to successfully put this strategic plan into action.

In 2010 Hutto Fire Rescue developed its intial strategic plan. That document was a first of its kind for an organization trying to keep up with the growth of the area and the increased demands for service. Published in 2011, the 2011-2015 Strategic Plan identified positive efforts and programs, and was centered upon actions needed to enhance long-term performance of the organization. Then in 2015, while not undergoing a complete revision, the Williamson County Emergency Services District #3 Board of Commissioners and the Administrative Staff went through the planning process to develop a second iteration plan, 2016-2018 Strategic Plan, and identify what, if anything, had changed in the previous plan

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

President Bill Brown

Vice President
Butch Miller

Secretary Dan Hejl

Treasurer Anne Cano

Vice TreasurerGary Guthrie

ADMINISTRATION

Fire Chief

Scott D. Kerwood

Assistant Fire Chief Rob Bocanegra

Fire Marshal Eric Woods

Administrator MaryAnn Buchanan and what, if anything, needed to be added or subtracted from the plan. At the conclusion of 2018 everything identified by the Board of Commissioners in the 2016-2018 Strategic Plan as well as everything from the original 2011-2015 Strategic Plan were accomplished by Hutto Fire Rescue. That is a major accomplishment for an organization that did not have any long range plan just a few years ago.

Three issues are critical to the success of this *Hutto Fire Rescue/Williamson County Emergency Services District #3 Community-Driven Strategic Plan 2020-2023*. First is the acceptance that there is a real demand for organizational accountability. This accountability comes at all levels within Hutto Fire Rescue, and is both internal and external to the organization. Second is the ability to deliver a more effective and efficient service to our citizens. Each year the bar gets raised a little bit higher. We must continue to improve on the current level of service that has now come to be expected from us by our taxpayers. Third, and perhaps the hardest, is the challenge to find ways to implement these identified improvements.

So now is the time that the "real work" begins. While our "Organizational Structure" identifies who we are, it is our "Operational Structure" that clearly illustrates what we do. We must continue to operate in such a manner that the public trust and confidence in our service delivery is foremost in how we conduct our operations. Through the efforts and support of the Hutto Community, and the dedicated personnel of Hutto Fire Rescue delivering the emergency services protection, and the International Association of Fire Fighters Local 4707, I believe we can continue to improve the quality of our fire and emergency service delivery. In turn, I am certain that this will continue to bring a little higher quality of life to Williamson County Emergency Services District #3. The cost of conducting our business increases, yet we continue to deliver our services without raising property taxes. While we will continue to be faced with increased demands for emergency service delivery each day, I believe that we can effectively and efficiently meet these needs through proper management, proper planning, and responsible fiscal decisions.

Respectfully Submitted,

Scott D. Kerwood, PhD, CFO, EFO, CEMSO, FM, CFPS, FIFireE, CEM[®], TEM[®]

Fire Chief

Introduction

Hutto Fire Rescue/Williamson County Emergency Services District #3 (Hutto Fire Rescue) provides an all-hazards approach in the protection of the lives and property of the residents, businesses, and visitors of Hutto, Texas. Hutto Fire Rescue is consistently working to maintain the highest level of professionalism and efficiency on behalf of those it serves, and thus, contracted with the Center for Public Safety Excellence (CPSE) to facilitate a method to document the department's path into the future via a "Community-Driven Strategic Plan." The following strategic plan follows the guidelines in the Commission on Fire Accreditation (CFAI) *Fire & Emergency Service Self-Assessment Manual* 9th *Ed.* and is intended to guide the organization within established parameters set forth by the authority having jurisdiction.

The CPSE utilized the community-driven strategic planning process to go beyond just the development of a document. It challenged the department's members to critically examine paradigms, values, philosophies, beliefs, and desires, and challenged individuals to work in the best interest of the "team." It further provided the department with an opportunity to participate in the development of their organization's long-term direction and focus. Members of the organization's community and department stakeholders' groups demonstrated commitment to this project and remain committed to the document's completion and plan execution.

HUTTO FIRE RESCUE | 2020 – 2023 STRATEGIC PLANTable of Contents

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Organizational Background

Hutto Fire Rescue/Williamson County Emergency Services District #3 (Hutto Fire Rescue) is in Williamson County, Texas, just north of Pflugerville, east of Round Rock, and west of Taylor. Williamson County Emergency Services District #3 serves a 63 square mile area of Central Texas that has experienced explosive population growth. As of the 2000 United States of America Census, Hutto had a population of 1250 persons with an estimated population in the coverage area for Hutto Fire Rescue of approximately 5,000. But by the end of 2005, the City of Hutto population was estimated to be over 12,000 and the Hutto Fire Rescue coverage area to be over 32,000. According to the Hutto Economic Development Corporation, current population estimates show the City of Hutto at approximately 32,000 people while the service area for Hutto Fire Rescue is estimated to be about 45,000 people. By the year 2030, population projections for the City of Hutto are over 60,000, with the entire Hutto Fire Rescue coverage area at around 80,000. The Austin Board of Realtors reports that the City of Hutto can continue to expect an increase in new single-family and multi-family growth by over 180%. This unprecedented growth is driven in large part by the construction of Texas State Highway 130 (SH130) through Hutto. SH130 parallels the Interstate Highway 35 corridor which runs through Austin and Central Texas. Williamson County and the City of Hutto, in particular, are recognized as one of the fastest-growing areas in Texas.



The U.S. Census Bureau recently announced that Williamson County is the fifth fastest-growing county in Texas, with population projections calling for significant, continued growth. There are 10,860 residential lots currently in development throughout Williamson County, more than twice that of Hays County or Travis County. This rapid growth continuously requires progressive planning to keep pace with the influx of residents and traffic. For well over 100 years, Hutto remained a small rural farming community of approximately 600 residents. However, the sudden influx of people moving to Central Texas in the mid-2000s saw a massive uptick in the sleepy town's population.

Today Hutto is known as the Hippo Capital of Texas. Several stories explain how the hippopotamus became Hutto's official mascot. Historian Mike Fowler notes that the most popular local legend is that in 1915 a circus train stopped in Hutto at the depot to take on passengers, pick up and deliver mail, and



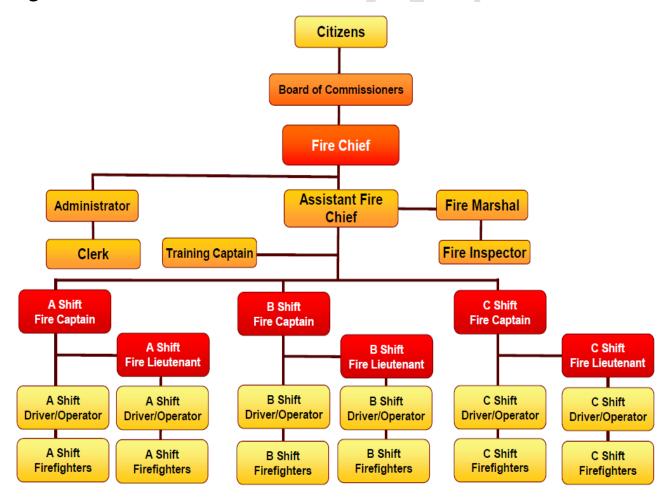


possibly take on water and fuel for the steam locomotive. The circus train workers also would have taken this opportunity to care for their animals. At some point during this historic layover, a hippopotamus got out of the railcar and made its way to the nearby Cottonwood Creek, which is next to the rail line.

As a symbol of community pride, Hutto is also home to a herd of smaller concrete hippos that stand outside residences, businesses, and public buildings. Many reflect the unique character of the owner or business it represents. Today there are reported to be more than 3,000 of these figures throughout the Hutto community. Even Hutto Fire Rescue has gotten into the hippo craze with the "Dal-Hippo" standing guard outside fire station #1.



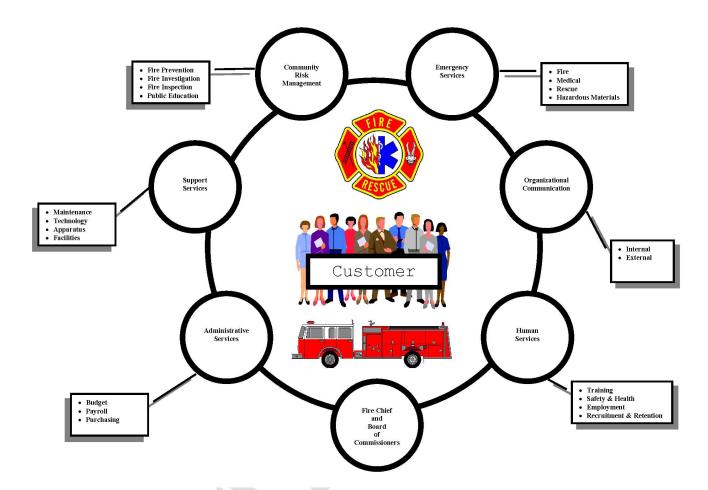
Organizational Structure







Operational Structure



Community-Driven Strategic Planning

For many successful organizations, the voice of the community drives their operations and charts the course for their future. A community-driven emergency service organization is one that seeks to gather and utilize the needs and expectations of its community in the development and improvement of the services provided. To ensure that the community remains a focus of an organization's direction, a community-driven strategic planning process was used to develop this strategic plan.

A strategic plan is a living management tool that provides short-term direction, builds a shared vision, documents goals and objectives, and optimizes the use of resources. The process of strategic planning can be defined as "a deliberative, disciplined approach to producing fundamental decisions and actions that shape and guide what an organization (or other entity) is, what it does, and why."1

Effective strategic planning benefits from a consistent and cohesively structured process employed across all levels of the organization. Planning is a continuous process; one with no clear beginning and no

¹ See Definition, Purpose, and Benefits of Strategic Planning (Bryson 8)



defined end. While plans can be developed on a regular basis, it is the process of planning that is important, not the publication of the plan itself. Most importantly, strategic planning can be an opportunity to unify the management, employees, and stakeholders through a common understanding of where the organization is going, how everyone involved can work to that common purpose, and how progression and success will be measured.

The Community-Driven Strategic Planning Process Outline

- 1. Define the programs provided to the community.
- 2. Establish the community's service program priorities and expectations of the organization.
- 3. Identify any concerns the community may have about the organization, along with aspects of the organization that the community views positively.
- 4. Revisit the mission statement, giving careful attention to the services and programs currently provided, and which logically can be provided in the future.
- 5. Revisit the values of the organization's membership.
- 6. Identify the internal strengths and weaknesses of the organization.
- 7. Identify areas of opportunity or potential threats to the organization.
- 8. Identify the organization's critical issues and service gaps.
- 9. Determine strategic initiatives for organizational improvement.
- 10. Establish a realistic goal and objectives for each initiative.
- 11. Identify implementation tasks for the accomplishment of each objective.
- 12. Determine the vision of the future.
- 13. Develop organizational and community commitment to accomplishing the plan.





Process and Acknowledgements

The Center for Public Safety Excellence (CPSE) acknowledges and thanks all stakeholders for their participation and input into this community-driven strategic planning process. The CPSE also recognizes Fire Chief Scott D. Kerwood and the team of professionals that participated for their leadership and commitment to this process.

Development of this strategic plan took place in July 2019, beginning with meetings hosted by a representative from the CPSE for members of the community (as named in the following table). The department identified community stakeholders to ensure broad representation. The community stakeholders were comprised of some who reside or work within the Hutto Fire Rescue's coverage area, and some who were recipients of Hutto Fire Rescue's service(s).

Hutto Fire Rescue Community Stakeholders						
Denise Aponte	Paul Ayres	Dar	niel Baum	Randle Bless	sing	Mike Cooper
Charles Dittman	Celina Estrada Thomas	Doug Gaul Jessi		Jessica John	son	Mike Knipstein
Paul Leal	Edgar Padilla	Sco	tt Parker	Johnny Pe	na	Robin Ray
Lynn Seiler	John Sullivan		Jarred	l Thomas]	Marcus Traxler

Community Group Findings

A key element of Hutto Fire Rescue's organizational philosophy is having a high level of commitment to the community, as well as recognizing the importance of community satisfaction. Thus, the organization invited community representatives to provide feedback on services provided by Hutto Fire Rescue. Respondents were asked to provide a prioritized perspective of Hutto Fire Rescue's programs and services. Other input gathered during the meeting revolved around community expectations and

concerns (prioritized), as well as positive and other comments about the organization. Specific findings of the community stakeholders are provided in the appendix of this document. Hutto Fire Rescue's stakeholders utilized the full feedback from the community stakeholders in understanding the current challenges encountered within the organization. Additionally, the community stakeholders' feedback provided a process to ensure alignment with the work completed on the organizational mission, values, vision, and goals for improvement.







Community Priorities

To best dedicate time, energy, and resources to services most desired by its community, Hutto Fire Rescue needs to understand what the customers consider to be their priorities. With that, the community stakeholders were asked to prioritize the programs offered by the department through a process of direct comparison. The results were as follows:

Programs	Ranking	Score
Emergency Medical Services	1	147
Fire Suppression	2	142
Technical Rescue	3	98
Hazardous Materials Mitigation	4	89
Wildland Fire Services	4	89
Community Risk Reduction	6	83
Domestic Preparedness Planning and Response	7	54
Fire Investigation	8	48
Public Fire and Life Safety	9	42

See Appendix 1 for a complete list of the community findings, including expectations, areas of concern, positive feedback, and other thoughts and comments.



Community Stakeholders Work Session





Hutto Fire Rescue Stakeholder Group Findings

The Hutto Fire Rescue stakeholder work sessions took place over the course of three days. These sessions served to discuss the organization's approach to community-driven strategic planning, focusing on Hutto Fire Rescue's mission, values, core programs, and support services. Additionally, focus was given to the organization's perceived strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats. The work sessions involved participation by a stakeholder group that represented a broad cross-section of the department, as named and pictured below.

Hutto Fire Rescue Stakeholders					
Rob Bocanegra	Mary Ann Bu	chanan	Donovan Carrosco	Chad Chepulis	Levi Chuey
Tom Hines	Scott D. Kei	rwood	Brian Matocha	Drew Neal	Jason Oltman
Mike Pa	arks	Brian Rudden		Eri	c Woods



Hutto Fire Rescue Stakeholders





Mission

The purpose of the mission is to answer the questions:

- Who are we?
- Why do we exist?
- What do we do?
- Why do we do it?
- For whom?

A workgroup met to revisit the existing mission and, after ensuring it answered the questions, the following mission statement was created, discussed, and accepted by the entire group:

Hutto Fire Rescue will evolve and adapt
to the demands of providing efficient and effective services
to the best of our ability for an ever-changing and growing community;
while maintaining a healthy and professional work environment –
Every Shift, Every Day.



Hutto Fire Rescue Stakeholders Work Session





Values

Values embraced by all members of an organization are essential, as they recognize the features that make up the personality and culture of the organization. A workgroup met to revisit the existing values and proposed a revision that was discussed, enhanced further, and agreed upon by the entire group:

- FAMILY
- DUTY
- LOYALTY
- RESPECT
- RESPONSIBILITY
- ACCOUNTABILITY
- PRIDE
- DISCIPLINE
- INTEGRITY
- LOVE
- ADAPTABILITY
- TRADITION
- HONOR
- COMPASSION
- COURAGE
- HONESTY

Philosophy

Hutto Fire Rescue/Williamson County Emergency Services District #3 (Hutto Fire Rescue) recognizes the value of human life and dignity. Our philosophy, which embodies our organizational values and beliefs, provides a guide for members in the performance of daily activities.

The mission, values, and philosophy are the foundation of this organization. Thus, every effort will be made to keep these current and meaningful so that the individuals who make up Hutto Fire Rescue are guided by them in the accomplishment of the goals, objectives, and day-to-day tasks.





Programs and Services

To ensure a deeper focus exists in determining issues and gaps within an organization, there must be a delineation between core programs and supporting services. Core programs are the central deliverables provided by the department. Supporting services are all of the internal and external programs and services that help HFR deliver its core programs.

The importance of understanding the difference is that issues and gaps may exist in core programs or supporting services, and Hutto Fire Rescue's strategic approach may bring forth different considerations for improvement. Additionally, supporting services may be internal or external to the organization and requires understanding how the difference impacts their location within the analysis of strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats if identified. Finally, it is important that the department stakeholders understand that, to deliver the core programs, many local, state, and national supporting services support delivery.

Through a facilitated brainstorming session, Hutto Fire Rescue stakeholders agreed upon the core programs provided to the community, as well as many of the supporting services that support the programs. This session provided the sought understanding of the differences and the important key elements of the delineation.



Hutto Fire Rescue Stakeholders Work Session

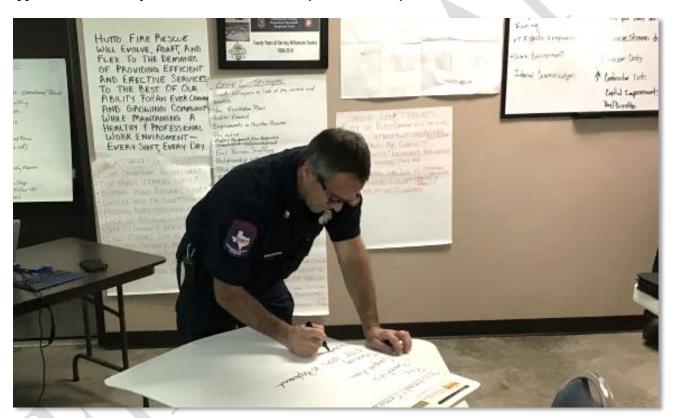




SWOT Analysis

Through a SWOT analysis (strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats), an organization candidly identifies its positive and negative attributes. The SWOT analysis also provides an opportunity for an organization to evaluate its operating environment for areas in which it can capitalize, as well as those that pose a danger. Department stakeholders participated in this activity to record Hutto Fire Rescue's strengths and weaknesses, as well as the possible opportunities and potential threats. Information gathered through this analysis provides guidance toward the larger issues and gaps that exist within the agency. The information gleaned will assist the agency in finding its broader critical issues and service gaps.

Appendix 2 consists of the SWOT data and analysis collected by the Hutto Fire Rescue stakeholders.



Hutto Fire Rescue Stakeholders Work Session

Critical Issues and Service Gaps

Following the identification and review of the Hutto Fire Rescue's SWOT, two separate groups of Hutto Fire Rescue stakeholders met to identify themes as primary critical issues and service gaps (found in Appendix 3). The critical issues and services gaps identified by the stakeholders provide further guidance toward the identification of strategic initiatives, which will ultimately lend direction for the development of goals, objectives, critical tasks, and timelines.





Strategic Initiatives

Based upon all previously captured information and the determination of critical issues and service gaps, the following strategic initiatives were identified as the foundation for the development of goals and objectives.

Hutto Fire Rescue's Strategic Initiatives				
Communications	Organizational Growth	Recruitment and Retention	Succession Planning	

Goals and Objectives

To continuously achieve the mission of Hutto Fire Rescue, realistic goals and objectives with timelines for completion must be established. These will serve to enhance strengths, address identified weaknesses, provide a clear direction, and address the concerns of the community. These should become a focus of the department's efforts, as they will direct the organization to its desired future while reducing the obstacles and distractions along the way. Leadership-established workgroups should meet and manage progress toward accomplishing these goals and objectives and adjust timelines as needs and the environment change. Regular reports of progress and changes should be shared with Hutto Fire Rescue's leadership.

Goal 1	Continuously improve communications processes to keep timely, relevant,		
Goal I	fact-based information clear and concis	e.	
Objective 1A	Identify and evaluate the current comm	unication process within the organization.	
Timeframe	2 months Assigned to:	FIRE CHIEF	
	• Build a list of current communication proc	esses and technology used by the department to	
	disseminate information.		
	• Gather input of likes and dislikes from cu	rrent internal and external users to include, but	
	not limited to:		
	o Dispatch		
	 Williamson County agencies 		
Critical Tasks	 Department personnel 		
	Auto and mutual aid partners		
	 City of Hutto 		
	Compile to information gathered to cre	eate a report of findings.	
	Evaluate the information for any gaps and effectiveness in the communication proc		
*	• Create a list of identified deficiencies.		
Funding	Capital Costs:	Consumable Costs:	
Estimate	Personnel Costs:	Contract Services Costs:	





Objective 1B	Create a plan to stree information to internal	-	rove processes used to communicate omers.
Timeframe	3 months	Assigned to:	FIRE CHIEF
Critical Tasks	 communications process Compile a list from reso communications process 	analysis of comples. earch obtained that sess. d short-term trial perve the communication	eted research with the current department will best improve both internal and external riod of the new platform to evaluate if the plan on process is effective.
Funding	Capital Costs:	deficiencies found in	Consumable Costs:
Estimate	Personnel Costs:		Contract Services Costs:
Objective 1C	Build and deliver a train developed process.	ning program that	informs and educates users of the newly
Timeframe	6 months	Assigned to:	TRAINING OFFICER
Critical Tasks	 Create curriculum based Identify the appropriate Use the identified metho	methods of delivery	for the newly developed training program.
Funding	Capital Costs:		Consumable Costs:
Estimate	Personnel Costs:		Contract Services Costs:
Objective 1D	Implement newly develors and external customers	-	al communications processes to internal
Timeframe	6-9 months	Assigned to:	ASSISTANT FIRE CHIEF
Critical Tasks	 Determine a timeframe f Schedule the plan roll-ou Deliver the completed pr Make any needed adjust 	at for all department rocess to the users.	partners.
Funding	Capital Costs:		Consumable Costs:
Estimate	Personnel Costs:		Contract Services Costs:
Objective 1E			ine the effectiveness and relevancy of identify needed improvements.
Timeframe	3 months-ongoing	Assigned to:	ASSISTANT FIRE CHIEF
Critical Tasks	 Determine the data need Obtain feedback that is r Evaluate the feedback us Based on those findings, 	reflective of the establing the goal parameter	ers.
	• Use the established roll-	out program process	to implement the process.
Funding	• Use the established roll-c Capital Costs:	out program process	to implement the process. Consumable Costs:





	Embrace and acknow	yladga organizationa	l growth needs through the creation of a	
Goal 2		~ ~	rapidly growing community in a timely	
Goal 2	and responsive mann		rapidity growing community in a unicry	
_			nent performance and support services	
Objective 2A	Identify station locations, staffing, equipment, performance, and support services to determine our current operating environment.			
Timeframe	3-6 months Assigned to: FIRE CHIEF			
Timerrame	Conduct a fiscal surve			
	• Evaluate current orga positions.	nizational staffing and o	conduct a needs assessment for future staffing	
Critical Tasks	-		ct a fiscal assessment of the needs required to	
Circular Tubito	-	ormance benchmarks.		
	benchmark goals.		ation locations needed to meet the demands of	
	Complete and dissem	inate a report of assessn		
Funding	Capital Costs:		Consumable Costs:	
Estimate	Personnel Costs:		Contract Services Costs:	
Oli ii an	T			
Objective 2B			the demands of a growing community.	
Timeframe	3-6 months	Assigned to:	FIRE CHIEF	
	community.		ne the current and projected population of the	
	• Request and review relevant response heat maps from Williamson County to determine geographical response data.			
Critical Tasks	 Assess previously determined needs to meet national standards to provide the appropriate responses to the community. 			
	 Develop a trending matrix for population growth and deployment needs. 			
	 Prioritize future need 		1 ,	
Funding	Capital Costs:	8	Consumable Costs:	
Estimate	Personnel Costs:		Contract Services Costs:	
Objective 2C	Validate future organ	nizational needs utili	zing statistical data collected.	
Timeframe	1-2 months	Assigned to:	FIRE CHIEF	
	Compile all previously	y collected information.		
	• Conduct a comparati	ve analysis of current p	performance, staffing, points of delivery, and	
Critical Tasks	equipment.			
	 Create benchmarks for 	or organizational manag	gement of the identified growth.	
		f the analysis against est	ablished benchmarks to validate the plan.	
Funding	Capital Costs:		Consumable Costs:	
Estimate	Personnel Costs:		Contract Services Costs:	





Objective 2D	Conduct a costs analysis to	n develop and n	orioritize the organizational plan.		
Timeframe	1-2 months	Assigned to:	FIRE CHIEF		
Timename	Determine costs of the current				
	• Determine the future poten	•			
	Analyze the results to create a model prioritization list.				
Critical Tasks	• Use the prioritization list to				
	 Seek approval of the propos 	-	~ -		
	• All items not approved will	•	* *		
Funding	Capital Costs:		Consumable Costs:		
Estimate	Personnel Costs:		Contract Services Costs:		
Objective 2E	Seek organizational and co	ommunity supp	ort for the developed and prioritized plan		
Timeframe	6-12 months	Assigned to:	FIRE CHIEF		
	• Develop a survey for all stal-	ceholders.			
	• Distribute the survey to all s	stakeholders to ga	ather information on the plan.		
Critical Tasks	Analyze stakeholder feedba	ck to determine t	he needed level of support.		
	• Strategic-level items identified	ied should be inc	luded in strategic plan updates.		
	 Complete a report of findin 	gs from the stake	cholder survey.		
Funding	Capital Costs:		Consumable Costs:		
Estimate	Personnel Costs:		Contract Services Costs:		
$\Delta 1 \cdot \cdot \cdot \Delta \Gamma$					
Objective 2F		l findings to acl	hieve all previously developed objectives.		
Timeframe	3-6 months	Assigned to:	FIRE CHIEF		
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	Recruit and retain	highly qualified a	and skilled individuals to better our
Goal 3		- · -	fective services, to the best of our ability,
30415	to our customers.	0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Objective 3A	Conduct a needs asse	essment for recruitm	ent and retention for the organization.
Timeframe	6 months	Assigned to:	ASSISTANT FIRE CHIEF
Critical Tasks	used to determine prCompile survey inforAnalyze the research	ogram needs to stay con mation. data to determine what	current recruitment and retention parameters inpetitive. should be used by the organization. ere selected to be used to improve the current
Funding	Capital Costs:		Consumable Costs:
Estimate	Personnel Costs:		Contract Services Costs:
Objective 3B	•	e the current recruit	ment and retention program used in the
· ·	organization.		
Timeframe	3 months	Assigned to:	ASSISTANT FIRE CHIEF
Critical Tasks	Compare the informationSelect improvements	ation from the needs ass	t and retention program. sessment with the current program. ified in the comparative analysis to strengthen program.
Funding	Capital Costs:		Consumable Costs:
Estimate	Personnel Costs:		Contract Services Costs:
Objective 3C	•	• •	e process used to recruit and retain highly etterment of the organization.
Timeframe	6-9 months	Assigned to:	ASSISTANT FIRE CHIEF
Critical Tasks	 analysis and needs as Recommend and seconganizational process Prepare and deliver a organizational process 	sessment. ek approval for modifiss. justification report of in	ram based on the results of the comparative cations to the program through the current mportant changes and needs using the current as needed.
Funding	Capital Costs:	11 / / / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Consumable Costs:
Estimate	Personnel Costs:		Contract Services Costs:





Objective 3D	Conduct a costs analy	sis and budget for t	he recruitment and retention program.
Timeframe	2 months	Assigned to:	ASSISTANT FIRE CHIEF
Critical Tasks	and program.Recommend and seek program budget.When approved, initia	recruitment and retent	ion program cost to the proposed new budget osed and enhanced recruitment and retention tment and retention program strategies.
Funding	Capital Costs:		Consumable Costs:
Estimate	Personnel Costs:		Contract Services Costs:
Objective 3E	parameters.	ols to determine pro	ogram effectiveness relevant to the goal
Timeframe	3 months-ongoing	Assigned to:	ASSISTANT FIRE CHIEF
Critical Tasks	 Determine the data needed to evaluate a new recruitment and retention program. Build feedback mechanisms to gather pertinent data relevant to the program. Obtain feedback from the mechanisms that is reflective of established data points to include, but not limited to: probationary firefighter survey, employee survey, exit interviews, and community feedback surveys. Evaluate collected feedback against desired goal outcomes. Based on findings, make the needed adjustment to the program. 		
Funding	Capital Costs:		Consumable Costs:
Estimate	Personnel Costs:		Contract Services Costs:





Goal 4	_	an that mentors and develops employees to have the abilities that ensure efficient and effective services are	
	delivered.		
Objective 4A	•	ibilities, and expectations for all current and future at efficient and effective services are delivered.	
Timeframe	6-12 months	Assigned to: FIRE CHIEF	
Critical Tasks	Seek approval and then cDetermine expectations t	, 1	
Funding	Capital Costs:	Consumable Costs:	
Estimate	Personnel Costs:	Contract Services Costs:	
Objective 4B	Research and develop ar	objective-based measurement tool to measure the current	
Objective 4B	strengths and weakness	es associated with the KSA's.	
Timeframe	6 months	Assigned to: TRAINING OFFICER	
Critical Tasks	 Identify competency throughout the organization. Determine strengths and weaknesses that require attention. Collect organizational data. Analyze the data to determine gaps or deficiencies. Develop a plan to address inefficiencies found in the organization. Submit the plan to leadership for approval. Validate the measurement tool against current industry standards, included but not limited to best practices, NFPA, and TCFP. Conduct a comparative analysis from data obtained to current industry standards. 		
Funding	Capital Costs:	Consumable Costs:	
Estimate	Personnel Costs:	Contract Services Costs:	
Objective 4C	Create an organization	onal guideline outlining roles, responsibilities, and	
•	expectation for each me	mber and mentors.	
Timeframe	3-6 months	Assigned to: TRAINING OFFICER	
Critical Tasks	 Create guidelines outlining the expectations for mentors and members based on the information collected. Introduce the guidelines and expectations to members and mentors to familiarize them with department expectations. Collect feedback from members and mentors on the new expectations. Make necessary adjustments based upon the feedback. 		
Funding	Capital Costs:	Consumable Costs:	
Estimate	Personnel Costs:	Contract Services Costs:	





Objective 4D	Implement the guideline throughout the organization.			
Timeframe	3 months	Assigned to:	ASSISTANT FIRE CHIEF	
Identify mentors who will be participating in the program.				
	 Determine a process to train mentors in the program. 			
Critical Tasks	 Identify the members to include in the program. 			
	• Match members with me	entors.		
	• Create a reporting mecha	anism for the mento	rs.	
Funding	Capital Costs:		Consumable Costs:	
Estimate	Personnel Costs:		Contract Services Costs:	
O1: 4E	Re-evaluate and make adjustments to the guideline as needed.			
Objective 4E	Re-evaluate and make a	djustments to the	guideline as needed.	
Timeframe	Re-evaluate and make a 3 months	Assigned to:	guideline as needed. ASSISTANT FIRE CHIEF	
•		Assigned to:	ASSISTANT FIRE CHIEF	
•	3 months • Determine the data need	Assigned to: ed to evaluate the pr	ASSISTANT FIRE CHIEF	
Timeframe	3 monthsDetermine the data needConduct an employee su	Assigned to: ed to evaluate the provey to assess emplo	ASSISTANT FIRE CHIEF rogram and plan.	
•	3 monthsDetermine the data needConduct an employee su	Assigned to: ed to evaluate the provey to assess emplors 360-degree evaluate.	ASSISTANT FIRE CHIEF rogram and plan. yee satisfaction with the plan and its elements. actions to capture relevant succession plan	
Timeframe	 3 months Determine the data need Conduct an employee su Refine the department' 	Assigned to: ed to evaluate the property to assess emplors 360-degree evalures inclusion in the every serious	ASSISTANT FIRE CHIEF rogram and plan. yee satisfaction with the plan and its elements. ations to capture relevant succession plan aluation process.	
Timeframe	 3 months Determine the data need Conduct an employee su Refine the department' guideline information for Conduct a gap analysis to 	Assigned to: ed to evaluate the property to assess emplors 360-degree evaluate inclusion in the evaluation deficients	ASSISTANT FIRE CHIEF rogram and plan. yee satisfaction with the plan and its elements. ations to capture relevant succession plan aluation process.	
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Vision

On the final day of the process, the CPSE presented a strategic plan vision of where the organization will be in the future if the strategic plan is accomplished. This is not to override the Hutto Fire Rescue's global vision but rather to confirm the futurity of the work that was designed by the department stakeholders. This

"Vision is knowing who you are, where you're going, and what will guide your journey"

Ken Blanchard

vision is intended as a target of excellence to strive toward and provides a basis for its goals and objectives.

Hutto Fire Rescue's 2023 Vision

To continue to be widely known as a community-oriented fire and rescue service agency that provides the highest level of effective services to the residents, businesses, and visitors of our district.

Having realized the highest professional standards we value, we will further meet our mission through enhanced organizational growth management processes that will increase our readiness, now and in the future. We will also bolster our investment in our greatest asset, our members, focusing on succession planning which will produce a sustainable plan for their professional development that creates a long-term return for those we serve.

For us to illustrate our commitment to adapt and evolve to ever-changing environments, we will capitalize on improved recruitment and retention programs. We will also invest in our department and partners with a greater focus on communication that is anchored in transparency. Both will establish a future-facing focus on preparation to deliver our finest effort every shift, every day.

Remembering our dedication to the pursuance of excellence in all that we do, we will always personify our traditions and our futurity by holding each other accountable for fulfilling our mission, living by our values, accomplishing our goals, and making this vision a reality.





Performance Measurement

To assess and ensure that an organization is delivering on the promises made in its strategic plan, the organization's leaders must determine performance measures for which they are fully accountable. As output measurement can be challenging, the organization must focus on the assessment of progress toward achieving improved output. Jim Collins states, "What matters is not finding the perfect indicator, but settling upon a *consistent and intelligent* method of assessing your output results, and then tracking

- If you don't measure the results of your plan, you can't tell success from failure.
- If you can't see success, you can't reward it.
- If you can't reward success, you're probably rewarding failure.
- If you can't see success, you can't learn from it.
- If you can't recognize failure, you can't correct it.
- If you can demonstrate results, you can win public support.

Reinventing Government
David Osborn and Ted Gaebler

your trajectory with rigor." Organizations must further be prepared to revisit and revise their goals, objectives, and performance measures to keep up with accomplishments and environmental changes.

To establish that the department's strategic plan is achieving results, performance measurement data will be implemented and integrated as part of the plan. An integrated process, known as "Managing for Results," will be utilized, which is based upon:

- The identification of strategic goals and objectives;
- The determination of resources necessary to achieve them;
- The analyzing and evaluation of performance data; and
- The use of that data to drive continuous improvement in the organization.

² Collins Good to Great and the Social Sectors. Boulder, 2009



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A "family of measures" typically utilized to indicate and measure performance includes:

- Inputs Value of resource used to produce an output.
- Outputs Quantifiable units produced which are activity-oriented and measurable.
- Efficiency Inputs used per output (or outputs per input).
- **Service Quality** The <u>degree</u> to which customers are <u>satisfied</u> with a program, or how <u>accurately</u> or <u>timely</u> a service is provided.
- **Outcome** Qualitative consequences associated with a program/service; i.e., the ultimate benefit to the customer. Focused on the "why" of providing a service.

The Success of the Strategic Plan

The department has approached its desire to develop and implement a strategic plan by asking for and receiving input from the community and members of the organization during the development stage of the planning process. To assist in the development of this plan, the department used professional guidance to conduct a community-driven strategic planning process. The success of this strategic plan will not depend upon the implementation of goals and related objectives, but from support received from the authority having jurisdiction, the members of the organization, and the community-at-large.

"No matter how much you have achieved, you will always be merely good relative to what you can become. Greatness is an inherently dynamic process, not an end point."

Good to Great and the Social Sectors
Jim Collins

Provided the community-driven strategic planning process is kept dynamic and supported by effective leadership and active participation, it will be a considerable opportunity to unify department and community stakeholders. This can be accomplished through a jointly developed understanding of organizational direction, focusing on all vested parties working to achieve the mission, goals, and vision. Further consideration must be made on how the organization will measure and be accountable for its progress and successes.³

³ Matthews (2005). Strategic Planning and Management for Library Managers



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Glossary of Terms, Acronyms, and Initialisms

Accreditation A process by which an association or agency evaluates and recognizes a program of

study or an institution as meeting certain predetermined standards or qualifications. It applies only to institutions or agencies and their programs of study or their services. Accreditation ensures a basic level of quality in the services received from an agency.

CFAI Commission on Fire Accreditation International

CPSE Center for Public Safety Excellence

Customer(s) The person or group who establishes the requirement of a process and receives or uses

the outputs of that process; or the person or entity directly served by the department

or agency.

Efficiency A performance indication where inputs are measured per unit of output (or vice

versa).

EMS Emergency Medical Services
ESD Emergency Services District

Environment Circumstances and conditions that interact with and affect an organization. These can

include economic, political, cultural, and physical conditions inside or outside the

boundaries of the organization.

FADO Fire Apparatus Driver Operator

Input A performance indication where the value of resources is used to produce an output.

Mission An enduring statement of purpose; the organization's reason for existence. Describes

what the organization does, for whom it does it, and how it does it.

NFPA National Fire Protection Association

Outcome A performance indication where qualitative consequences are associated with a

program/service; i.e., the ultimate benefit to the customer.

Output A performance indication where a quality or number of units produced is identified.

SOG Standard Operating Guideline
SOP Standard Operating Procedure

Stakeholder Any person, group, or organization that can place a claim on, or influence the

organization's resources or outputs, is affected by those outputs, or has an interest in

or expectation of the organization.

Strategic Goal A broad target that defines how the agency will carry out its mission over a specific

period of time. An aim. The final result of an action. Something to accomplish in

assisting the agency to move forward.

Strategic A specific, measurable accomplishment required to realize the successful

Objective completion of a strategic goal.





Strategic Plan A long-range planning document that defines the mission of the agency and broadly

identifies how it will be accomplished, and that provides the framework for more

detailed annual and operational plans.

Strategic The continuous and systematic process whereby guiding members of an organization

Planning make decisions about its future, develop procedures and operations to achieve that

future, and determine how success is to be measured.

Strategy A description of how a strategic objective will be achieved. A possibility. A plan or

methodology for achieving a goal.

SWOT Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities and Threats.

TCFP Texas Commission on Fire Protection

Vision An idealized view of a desirable and potentially achievable future state - where or what

an organization would like to be in the future.

WCES Williamson County Emergency Services

WCFCA Williamson County Fire Chiefs Association





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Appendix 1

Community Expectations

Understanding what the community expects of its fire service organization is critically important to developing a long-range perspective. With this knowledge, internal emphasis may need to be changed or bolstered to fulfill the community's needs.

Respondents were asked to list, in priority order, up to five subjects relative to the expectations they have for Hutto Fire Rescue. Responses were then analyzed for themes and weighted. The weighting of the prioritized responses was as follows: if it was the respondent's first entry, then it received five weighted points. Weighting gradually decreased so that if it was the respondent's fifth entry, then it received one weighted point. The weighted themes were then sorted from the highest cumulative weight to the lowest cumulative weight and listed below. The numbers in the parentheses are the cumulative weighted value that correlated with the theme identified. While the themes are listed in prioritized, weighted order, all responses were important in the planning process. The following are the expectation responses of the community stakeholders:

Community Expectations of Hutto Fire Rescue (in priority order)

- 1. Routine emergency response. Responsiveness. Responsiveness rate and quality of response to community emergency needs. Good response time. Timely response resources show up soon enough to make a difference. (76)
- 2. Knowledgeable. Well-trained. Serve as an education center in the community in order to be proactive and create a preventative culture with regard to safety. Competence crews know their jobs well. Well trained firefighters. (56)
- 3. Civil emergency preparedness and response. Serve as a vital partner in emergency response efforts with natural disasters, emergency preparedness, etc. Good working relationships with partners. Regional collaboration, coordination and cooperation. Coordination of efforts and response with bordering fire departments. (30)
- 4. Community education. Education. Public education and fire prevention. Engagement with community including educational outreach. (22)
- 5. Community engagement and training. Involvement. Community minded. Promote fitness challenges in the community. Communication with public. Keep others impacted informed. Presence in the community. (19)
- 6. Courtesy. To be friendly and courteous. Customer service service is friendly, responsive. Care about your constituents. Positive attitude when working with public. (18)





- 7. Putting out fire emergencies quickly. Put out fire quickly. Fire protection. (15)
- 8. Fiscal management. Financial accounting practices. Fiscally responsible tax payer dollars are invested in a way there is positive return on investment. Being good stewards of funds. (14)
- 9. Good resources distribution to provide timely response. Enough fire stations to be able to meet response times. Ample locations and staff that allows for timely response to meet the needs of community. Efficient use of resources. (12)
- 10. To receive support and have equipment. Keep up equipment. Equipment and vehicles that are current in technology and serve the needs of community. (11)
- 11. Professional. Professionalism. (8)
- 12. Good communicators and dispatch services to enhance response and service delivery. Highest level of communications technology available for emergency and non-emergency communications. (8)
- 13. Well-equipped/fully staffed. To have manpower and staff. (6)
- 14. Economy of service. To implement the proper emergency management procedures to achieve an optimal ISO rating. (5)
- 15. Save lives. (5)
- 16. Fire prevention programs. (5)
- 17. Operate safely for personnel and customers. (5)
- 18. Adequate response to all incidents within jurisdiction. (5)
- 19. Clear expectations of businesses (code, facility matters, etc.). (4)
- 20. Save property. (4)
- 21. Response capabilities (structural, wildland, rescue, medical and hazmat). (4)
- 22. To hire, train, and retain high qualified personnel and invest in and equip them to grow as professionals. (4)
- 23. Feedback and engagement in quality improvement processes. (3)
- 24. Partner with local school district to establish a fire department academy at second high school. (2)
- 25. Comparable pay rates for our firefighters. (2)
- 26. Use of best practices in fire service. (2)
- 27. All aspects of Hutto Fire Rescue to be user friendly. (1)
- 28. Water pressure for growing community. (1)
- 29. Inclusion in planning for the department needs. (1)





Areas of Community Concern

The planning process would be incomplete without expression from the community stakeholders regarding concerns about the organization. Some areas of concern may in fact be a weakness within the delivery system, while some weaknesses may also be misperceptions based upon a lack of information, understanding, or incorrect information.

Respondents were asked to list, in priority order, up to five concerns they have about or for the department. Responses were then analyzed for themes and weighted. The weighting of the prioritized concerns was as follows: if it was the respondent's first entry, then it received five weighted points. Weighting gradually decreased so that if it was the respondent's fifth entry, then it received one weighted point. The weighted themes were then sorted from the highest cumulative weight to the lowest cumulative weight and listed below. The numbers in the parentheses are the cumulative weighted value that correlated with the theme identified. While the themes are listed in prioritized, weighted order, all responses were important in the planning process. The following are the concerns of the community stakeholders prioritized and weighted accordingly:

Areas of Community Concern about Hutto Fire Rescue (verbatim, in priority order)

- 1. Coverage. Meeting the demands of a city that is growing faster than demand for services can be met. With more and more families moving in-response time. Enough fire stations. Rapid growth of area and demand on resources. Demands for service will outpace ability to provide adequate resources. (68)
- 2. Funding for operations and critical needs. Funding. Demand for service outpacing growth in tax base. Level of funding for core services. Cost of EMS services to community. Long term financial strength. (57)
- 3. Staff should be adequately trained in specialty areas (hazmat, tech rescue) to provide consistent coverage. Quality of training. Training for both career and volunteer firefighters. (16)
- 4. Competitive hiring. Creating and maintaining a pipeline of qualified personnel. Retention of trained employees. Workforce less people interested in fire department career. (14)
- 5. Enough staff. Ability to hire more firefighters once stations are built. Number of firefighter's vs population. Staffing and equipment levels appropriate. (10)
- 6. Civic support from other agencies, municipalities, county, and state. Interlocal relationships. Continued partnerships with other FD/emergency service departments. (9)
- 7. Degree of engagement with community and schools. Ability to provide educational outreach especially to children given limited staff resources. (8)





- 8. Age of equipment. Equipment available to operations and prevention should be assessed regularly to provide replacement with new technologies. (7)
- 9. Rapid growth within region (playing catch up). Rapid growth of the community. (7)
- 10. Response times. Ability to meet response time standards. (6)
- 11. Competition with other agencies, cities, communities for resources. Jurisdictional disputes and ability for multiple agencies to work cohesively at incidents. (6)
- 12. Are they getting enough sleep? (5)
- 13. Children look up to them, always be good examples. (5)
- 14. Fiscal and managerial accountability. (4)
- 15. Ability to overcome obstacles (i.e. Train) to get to a call. (4)
- 16. Culture and professional development of staff. Leadership development. (4)
- 17. Mental health. (4)
- 18. Ability to adequately and accurately monitor commercial construction. (4)
- 19. Young organization. (4)
- 20. More women on the force. (3)
- 21. Integration of EMS / medical care. (3)
- 22. Change in leadership that change or influence response goals. (3)
- 23. Water for fires. (2)
- 24. Making sure inspections are done correctly and fairly and everyone scored the same way. (2)
- 25. Multi floor buildings. (2)
- 26. Cost for service from the county dispatch center. (2)
- 27. Size of service area. (2)
- 28. Flooding events preparedness. (1)
- 29. Ability to have our own dispatch! (community support). (1)
- 30. Accident traffic control. (1)





Positive Community Feedback

The CPSE promotes the belief that, for a strategic plan to be valid, the community's view on the organization's strengths must be established. Needless efforts are often put forth in over-developing areas that are already successful. However, proper utilization and promotion of the strengths may often help the organization overcome or offset some of the identified weaknesses.

Positive Community Comments about Hutto Fire Rescue (verbatim, in no particular order)

- An amazing leader in Chief Kerwood, Rob Bocanegra, Tom Hines, Drew Neal, and Mike Parks.
- The culture of investment in the staff and dedication to the community.
- Great leadership.
- Great culture of personnel who want to serve their community.
- Relationships with partner agencies.
- Recognition of what is being seen in the service district data.
- Relationship with and use of volunteers to compliment career firefighters.
- Relationship with members of business community.
- Transparency of the organization.
- Strong, committed and passionate leadership capable and competent.
- Energetic and engaged team members.
- Well-funded well equipped department.
- Progressive community that does not shy away from growth.
- Great at forming partnerships.
- Positive leadership.
- Department is always interested in how to improve.
- Department is willing to listen to concerns.
- Has a strategic plan process.
- Willing to work with others.
- Department leadership.
- Community engagement and support.
- Progressive culture of the department.
- Very responsive to citizen needs.
- Great customer services / citizen interaction.





- Community involvement.
- Very professional.
- Great training.
- Good equipment.
- Great communication with L.E.
- Hutto Fire works hard to be a community partner and gets involved in various groups, etc.
- There is a commitment to excellence by all who serve.
- Excellent service rating.
- Outstanding leadership.
- Servant leaders.
- Vision.
- Great leadership.
- Good use of the taxpayer's funds.
- Having good plan for the future.
- Quick response to old town.
- Desire to be the best.
- Community involvement.
- Continuous education / training.
- Kind attitudes in response to citizens.
- Leadership (Chief, staff, and Board!)
- Firefighters (#of and experience of).
- Communication with public.
- Now we have the \$s to build the needed fire stations.
- Participation in regional training.
- Encouraging professional development of staff.
- Support of FMO meetings / task force.
- Great community involvement. Support local businesses with education, kids' activity, etc.
- Always concise and helpful when walking facilities for inspection.
- They demonstrate courteous assistance.
- They are knowledgeable.





- They are helpful.
- Caring service.
- Outreach for community feedback.
- Focus on safety.
- FD leadership.
- Collaboration with community.
- Great Fire Chief.
- Great group of employees.
- Fast responses.
- Texas Fire Chiefs Best Practices.
- Going through strategic planning / SOC process.
- Automatic aid with neighbors.
- Modern fleet / equipment.
- Increased staffing.
- Participation in WCFCA.
- Provide mutual aid response to neighboring departments.
- They have always been there for us.
- In working with the department, they are doing a great job.
- Well-oiled machine.
- Chief Kerwood, and Eric are great.
- I am glad Hutto Fire has our backs.
- Strong positive community presence; outstanding reputation.
- Leadership.
- Response to community service; willingness to educate our kids; constant presence in our schools; highly respected by students.
- Chief Kerwood.
- Very community-minded.
- Professionalism.
- I have had them respond to a wreck my child was in the car, they had a teddy bear to make sure she was comforted.





Other Thoughts and Comments

The community was asked to share any other comments they had about the department or its services. The following written comments were received:

Other Community Comments about Hutto Fire Rescue (verbatim, in no particular order)

- In what limited interactions I have had, Hutto has a drive to work on improving. They are connected to multiple departments and not afraid to ask for help.
- Area of caution and concern is can they get the funding and resources to meet the growth of Hutto. New businesses, standards, building heights will be a challenge.
- Very thankful for Hutto Fire and their commitment to serve our community!
- Great leadership with Chief Kerwood.
- We have an outstanding leader in our Chief who has the ability to communicate well with everyone.
- Overall, a great department and partner.
- The Hutto Fire Rescue is always professional and responds in a timely manner.
- Hutto has seen a lot of recent growth (population and buildings), want to make sure FD is properly funded staffed. Proactive vs Reactive.
- Wonderful department.
- Appreciate the opportunity to provide feedback.





Appendix 2

Strengths

It is important for any organization to identify its strengths to ensure that it can provide the services requested by the community, and that strengths are consistent with the issues facing the organization. Often, identification of organizational strengths leads to the channeling of efforts toward primary community needs that match those strengths. Programs that do not match organizational strengths, or the primary function of the organization, should be seriously reviewed to evaluate the rate of return on staff time and allocated funds.

Through a consensus process, the department stakeholders identified the department's strengths as follows:

Strengths of Hutto Fire Rescue		
Department is administratively well-managed	Benefits and incentives, such as medical,	
Efficient and effective organization	retirement, and educational opportunities	
Internal training opportunities	Increased funding due to the acquisition of sales tax	
Strong public relations/community outreach	Expansion of operational staffing and apparatus	
New fire station plans	Professional advancement (promotions)	
Health and wellness program (implementation	Good company level engagement from	
of NFPA 1582)	administration and leadership	
Improvements in the hiring process	Board is willing to look at pay increases and benefits	
Modern equipment/new apparatus	Audits-financial	
Relationships with partner agencies	Pro-active to growth and training	
Blue card training and certification	Four-person staffing	





Weaknesses

For any organization to either begin or to continue to move progressively forward, it must not only be able to identify its strengths, but also those areas where it functions poorly or not at all. These areas of needed enhancements are not the same as threats to be identified later in this document, but rather those day-to-day issues and concerns that may slow or inhibit progress. The following items were identified by the department stakeholders as weaknesses:

Weaknesses of Hutto Fire Rescue		
Fast promotions (playing with cards we are dealt)	Consistency through all three shifts – use of	
Minimum/maximum staffing	operational policies	
Internal communications	One "major call" department	
Lack of reserve apparatus	Don't know what we don't know	
Size of first response areas	Data collection	
Two-person admin section	Personnel not open to change and ideas	
Benefits (retirement, pay, sick leave, etc.)	Two-person fire prevention section	
Personal evaluation and follow-ups	Lack of holding people accountable	
Need for comprehensive operational guidelines	Equipment not repaired in a timely manner	
Organizational depth	Drama/rumor control	
Span of control	Lack of sharing information	
 Workload distribution Staffing Information dissemination 	Lack of discipline/limited control	
	Low morale from multiple items and ideas	
Limited input from floor personnel	Need for better internal communication	





Opportunities

The opportunities for an organization depend on the identification of strengths and weaknesses and how they can be enhanced. The focus of opportunities is not solely on existing service, but on expanding and developing new possibilities both inside and beyond the traditional service area. The department stakeholders identified the following potential opportunities:

Opportunities for Hutto Fire Rescue		
Growth (population, generation of revenue, etc.)	Increased recruitment pool	
Opportunity to become our own established presence	Publicity through community events	
Increased opportunity to reach customers	Future outreach programs	
Community support (maintain/increase)	Change/opportunity to adapt	
Improved infrastructure (roads and buildings)	Department promoting social media	
Expansion of public transparency	We don't know what we don't know	
Texas Commission on Fire Protection requirements		

Threats

By recognizing possible threats, an organization can reduce the potential for loss. Fundamental to the success of any strategic plan is the understanding that threats are not completely and/or directly controlled by the organization. Some of the current and potential threats identified by the department stakeholders were as follows:

Potential Threats to Hutto Fire Rescue		
Changing legislative constraints in property tax laws	Emergency services district laws	
Rapid growth-outgrowing resources	Conflicting regulations-codes and statutes	
Rising costs of services and apparatus	Dispatching processes	
Local political environment	Disgruntled citizens	
Retention of personnel based on other agencies	Texas Commission on Fire Protection	
recruitments	requirements	
Economic downturn	Social media-usage, activity, cameras	
Political environment-state and local levels	Traffic/infrastructure/delayed response	
Mutual/auto aid conflicts	Fast growth/increased population	
Increased hazards; such as high-rise buildings	Increased workload due to external sources	
Building materials	Price inflations/economy	





Appendix 3

The following information is the raw data compiled from the deliberation of the three workgroups. The information in each table is linked to a strategic initiative that the overall group, by consensus, determined was something that the department should pursue for change and continuous improvement.

Critical and Service Gap Issues Identified by the Department Stakeholders

Initiative Link	Group 1	Group 2
ns	Internal Communications	Communications
ommunications	o Rumors	 Internal communications
Ca	 Strong-holding information 	 External communications
li.	 Message content 	o Social media
<u> </u>	 Interpretation 	 Vendors and contractors
H H	o Dissemination	o Dissemination
ပိ	o Timeliness	

Initiative Link	Group 1	Group 2
	Organizational Depth	Service Costs
ਢ	o Personnel	o ESD laws
	 Equipment 	 State legislation
zation	 Stations 	 Cost per core service
0	o Funds	 Revenue stream diversification
an: Gr	o Time	 Increased vendor costs
Orgai G	o Input	 Increased contractor costs
O	 Manage service to ESD growth 	 Capital improvements
		o Pay/benefits

Initiative Link	Group 1	Group 2
	Training	Recruitment and Retention
pt	o Time	o Pay
t aı	o Money	o Benefits
ent	 Number of personnel 	 Competition
	 Limited training staff 	o Training
ruitm Reten	 Level of discipline 	o FTE costs vs. replacement
Recr.	 The Hutto way/consistency 	 Work environment
Re	o Internal resources	 Internal communication
		o Accountability/responsibility





Initiative Link	Group 1	Group 2
	Succession Planning	
_	o Accountability	
on 1g	 Consistency 	
Succession	o Morale	NT / A
an a	 Right people in the right position 	N/A
Suc	 Standards 	
	o Leadership	
	 Unjustified promotions 	

The following information is the raw data compiled from the deliberation of the three workgroups. The information in each table is not linked directly to a strategic initiative, but remains important. The department is best served to understand and embrace this other information as it moves forward for deliberative purposes and consideration of support of the strategic initiatives.

Critical and Service Gap Issues Identified by the Department Stakeholders

Topic	Group 1	Group 2
п	ч	Community Risk Reduction
tio		 Staffing
nc		o Fires
eq		o EMS
K K		 Hazard mitigation
lisi	N/A	o Wildland
X	IN/A	 Code enforcement
nit		 Public education
ımı		o Data
l H		 Communications
Community Risk Reduction		 Response times
0		o Community outreach programs

Topic	Group 1	Group 2
		Risk-Based Response
		 Consistency in shift response
Based		 Response area size
Risk Basec Response	N/A	 Rapid growth(us/community)
k]	N/A	 Personnel/apparatus
Risk Resp		 Community risk reduction
		o ISO
		o Data



